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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1-28. (Cancelled).

29. (Currently Amended) A method of performing communication in a

two-hop wireless communication network, wherein a base station, at least one mobile

station and a plurality of relay stations are engaged in, or in the process of establishing,

a communication session, and wherein the relay stations forward signals from the

based base station to the at least one mobile station, said plurality of relay stations

having at least partially overlapping coverage, said method comprising the steps of:

establishing by said at least one mobile station a soft association to said plurality

of relay stations by internally selecting a set of relay channels from said number of relay

stations, said set of relay channels associated to the relay stations being candidates for

use in the communication session;

feeding back from the at least one mobile station, during the communication

session, information on the communication quality to the base station; and,

adapting in the base station the transmission to at least one of the relay stations

which the mobile station has soft association with, in response to the communication

quality feedback from the at least one mobile station.

30. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 29, for a specific

mobile station, wherein the step of selecting comprises the substep of the mobile station

measuring the relay channel quality of said plurality of relay stations of the relay cluster.

31. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein, in the

step of measuring, the mobile station measures on pilots sent by the at least one relay

station.

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- 32. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein, in the step of measuring, the mobile station measures on pilots sent by the base station and forwarded by the at least one relay station.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein the step of selecting comprises the further steps of:

the mobile station determining bandwidth requirements based on a current application executed in the mobile station or anticipated future applications; and,

said selection is based both on the relay channel quality measurements and the bandwidth requirements.

- 34. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 29, wherein the step of selecting is repeated during the communication session in order to adapt to changing conditions in the radio environment.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 29, wherein the method comprises the further steps of:

at least one mobile station, during the communication session, feeding back information on the communication quality to the base station; and,

the base station further adapting the transmission to at least one of the relay stations which the mobile station has soft association with, in response to the communication quality feedback from the at least one mobile station.

36. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 29, wherein the step of the base station adapting the transmission comprises the further substeps, to be performed by the base station, of:

identifying from the feedback conflicting demands from at least two mobile stations regarding the usage of at least one relay station, said two mobile stations having soft association to the same as least one relay station;

initiating an optimization process for resolving the conflicting demands; and,

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adapting the transmission at least to the relay stations to which the two mobile

stations have soft association, taking into account the result of the optimization process.

37. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 35, wherein the step

of feeding back comprises the step of said mobile station feeding back raw channel

state information to the base station.

38. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 35, wherein the step

of feeding back comprises the step of said mobile station feeding back processed

channel state information to the base station.

39. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 38, wherein the step

of feeding back comprises the step of said mobile station feeding back any of, or any

combination of, the following parameters to the base station: link mode, coding scheme,

modulation scheme and antenna transmit weights.

40. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 29, wherein the

method comprises MIMO based communication between the transmitter and the relay

stations.

41. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 40, wherein the

transmitter of a base station sends a vector T over channel matrix H, where each row of

the matrix H corresponds to one or more relay stations using the same forwarding relay

channel, and the matrix **H** comprises as many rows as there are relay forwarding

channels.

42. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 40, wherein the

transmitter of a base station sends a vector T over channel matrix H, where each row of

the matrix H corresponds to one or more relay stations using the same forwarding relay

channel, and there are at least two forwarding relay channels.

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43. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 40, wherein the

transmitter of the base station uses singular value decomposition of the channel matrix

H and applies a unitary weight matrix (U) to the outputted signal to facilitate a

diagonalization with the use of the Hermitian of a unitary weight matrix (V).

44. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 40, wherein singular

value decomposition (SVD) is used and the method comprises the steps of:

the transmitter of a base station sending a vector T over channel matrix H, where

each row corresponds to one or more relay stations using the same relay channel and

there are as many relay channels as there are rows in the channel matrix, and applying

a unitary weight matrix (U) to the outputted signal; and,

the receiver performing a diagonalization by multiplying the received signal with

the Hermitian of a unitary weight matrix V, whereby the receiver is able to directly

receive a number of parallel substantially self-interference free MIMO subchannels.

45. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 29, wherein the

method of performing communication is preceded by a process of organizing relay

stations so that the channels of at least two neighbouring relay stations are essentially

orthogonal and the coverage of the at least two neighbouring relay stations are

arranged to have substantial overlap.

46. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 45, wherein the

overlap between the two neighbouring relay stations is above 10% of the coverage area

of the relay station exhibiting the smallest coverage area.

47. (Previously Presented) A system adapted for communication in a two-hop

wireless communication network, wherein the network comprises at least a base

station, at least one mobile station and a plurality of relay stations, wherein the relay

stations are adapted to forwarding signals from the base station to the mobile station, at

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least a portion of the plurality of relay stations are organized so that at least two

neighbouring relay stations have substantially overlapping coverage, and the channels

of the relay stations with overlapping coverage are essentially orthogonal; wherein:

at least one mobile station is operative to select a set of relay stations from the

relay stations with at least partially overlapping coverage, thereby establishing soft

association to a plurality of relay stations which are candidates to use in communication

between the base station and the mobile station; and,

logical feedbacks between the mobile stations and the base station, wherein the

logical feedbacks carries information usable by the base station to adapt transmit

parameters for the transmission to the relay stations.

48. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 47, wherein a plurality

of mobile stations are arranged to select individual sets of relay stations from the portion

of relay stations with at least partially overlapping coverage.

49. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 47, wherein the

forwarding performed at the relay stations during a communication session is not

essentially dependent on control signalling directly between the mobile stations and the

relay stations.

50. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 47, wherein the logical

feedback carries information on the set of soft associated relay stations for each mobile

station.

51. (Previously Presented) A receiver adapted for use in a two-hop wireless

communication network, wherein the network comprises a transmitter, a receiver and at

least one relay station, wherein the relay station is adapted to forward signals from the

transmitter to the receiver, said receiver comprising:

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selecting means operative to select a set of relay stations from a plurality of relay

stations with substantially overlapping coverage, said selecting means arranged to base

the selection on relay channel quality;

feedback means operative to feed back the information on selected relays to the

transmitter.

52. (Previously Presented) The receiver according to claim 51, wherein the

feedback means comprises means for feeding back raw channel state information for

each relay channel to the transmitter.

53. (Previously Presented) The receiver according to claim 51, wherein the

feedback means comprises means for feeding back processed channel state

information for each relay channel to the transmitter.

54. (Previously Presented) A base station adapted for use in a two-hop wireless

communication network, wherein the network comprises a base station, at least one

mobile station and at least one relay station, wherein the relay station is adapted to

forwarding signals from the base station to the mobile station, the base station

comprising:

means for receiving feedback from the mobile station on the transmission to the

mobile station;

optimization means operative to identify conflicting demands from at least two

mobile stations regarding the usage of at least one relay station, said two mobile

stations having soft association to the same as least one relay station, and operative to

perform an optimization process for resolving the conflicting demands;

transmission parameter adapting means operative to determine transmission

parameters for the transmission at least to the relay stations to which the two mobile

stations have soft association, taking into account the result of the optimization process.

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55. (Previously Presented) The base station according to claim 54, wherein the transmitter of the base station is operative to perform MIMO based communication and sending a vector T over channel matrix H, where each row of the matrix H corresponds

to one or more relay stations using the same relay channel and there are as many relay

channels as there are rows in the channel matrix.

56. (Previously Presented) The base station according to claim 55, wherein the transmitter of the base station is operative to use singular value decomposition (SVD) and apply a unitary weight matrix (U) to the outputted signal to facilitate a diagonalization with the use of a Hermitian of a unitary weight matrix (V).

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